Ma

KEY STAGE

TIER **5–7**

SOO

Mathematics test

Paper 1

Calculator not allowed

First name	
Last name	
School	

Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You must not use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber and a ruler.
- Some formulae you might need are on page 2.
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

Instructions

Answers



This means write down your answer or show your working and write down your answer.

Calculators



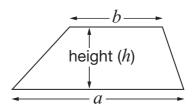
You **must not** use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

Formulae

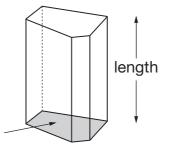
You might need to use these formulae

Trapezium

Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$



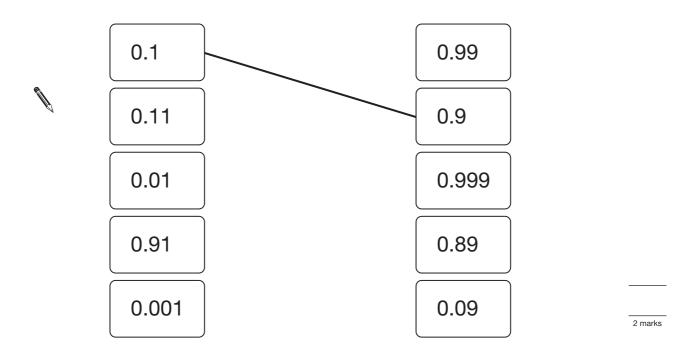
Prism



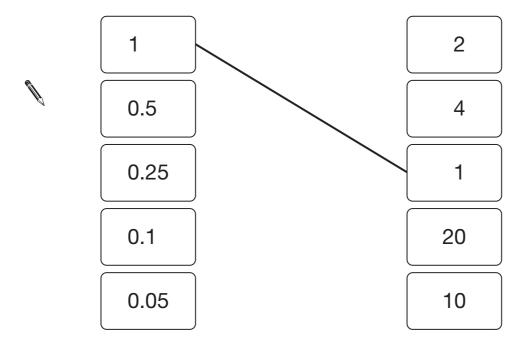
area of cross-section

Volume = area of cross-section × length

(a) Join all the pairs of numbers that add together to equal 1
 The first one is done for you.



(b) Now join all the pairs of numbers that **multiply** to equal 1The first one is done for you.



3

_					
2.	Danil	hac	15	T-shirts.	
Z .	гаш	Has	10	1-9111119	

The information shows the colours of his T-shirts.

- 5 black
- 3 white
- 3 red
- 2 dark blue
- 1 light blue
- 1 yellow

Paul is going to take one of his T-shirts at random.

(a) What is the probability that the T-shirt will be red?



1 mark

(b) What is the probability that the T-shirt will **not** be **black**?



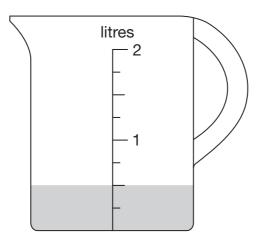
1 mark

(c) He takes one of his **blue** T-shirts at random.

What is the probability that the T-shirt is **light blue**?

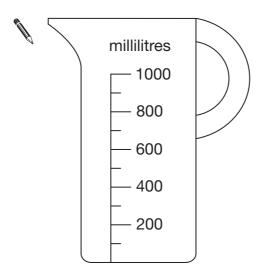


3. Zak has some water in a jug.



He pours this water into the jug below.

Draw the correct level of the water on the jug.



5

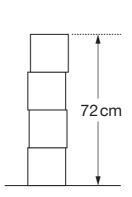
1 mark

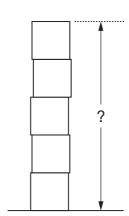
KS3/09/Ma/Tier 5-7/P1

4. Lisa has some boxes that are all cubes of the same size.

She uses four of the boxes to make a pile with a height of **72cm**.

She puts one more box on top of the pile.





Work out the height of the pile of **five** boxes.



____ cm

5.	(a)	Work	out	5%	of	360
-	\sim	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	000	• / 0	\sim .	~~

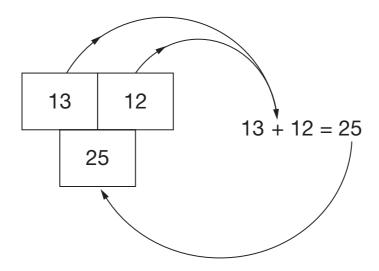


(b) Work out **15**% of **360**You can use part (a) to help you.

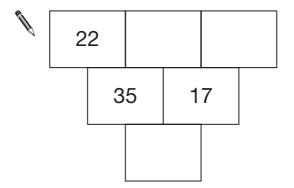


6. In these number grids, two numbers are added to give the number below.

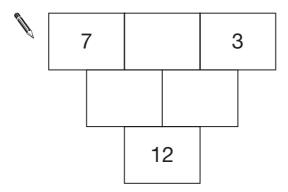
Example:



Write numbers in the number grids below to make them correct.



1 mark

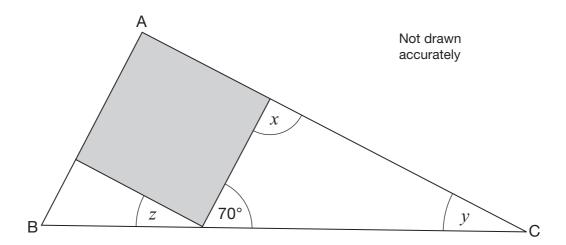


8

1 mark

KS3/09/Ma/Tier 5-7/P1

7. Look at the right-angled triangle ABC.



The square fits exactly inside the triangle.

Work out the sizes of angles x, y and z



8. Look at these equations.

$$11 = 6 + a$$
 $a + 7 = 10 + b$

Use **both** equations to work out the value of b

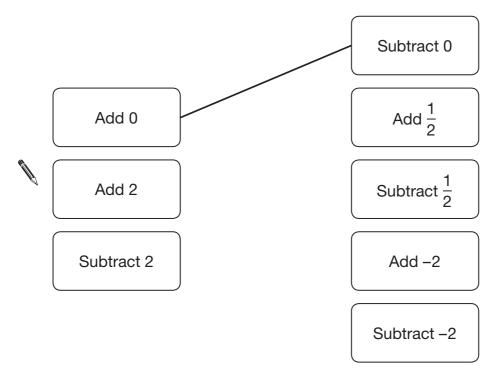


b = _____

2 marks

9. Match each instruction on the left with an instruction on the right that has the same effect.

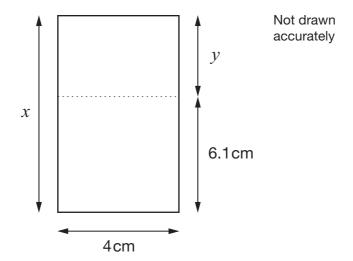
The first one is done for you.



10.	Pupils are investigating oak leaves.	
	They want to collect a sample of oak leaves.	
	Here is their plan for how to collect the sample.	
	Plan	
	Choose one oak tree.	
	Take 10 leaves from the lowest branches of the tree.	
	Give two reasons why this sample of leaves may not be representative of all oak leaves.	
)
· ·	First reason:	
		1 mark
	Consolination (Consolination)	
	Second reason:	
		1 mark

11

11. Look at the rectangle.



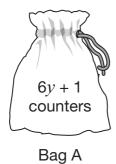
The total area of the rectangle is $40\,cm^2$

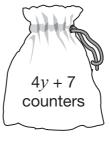
Work out lengths x and y



$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \operatorname{cm} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \operatorname{cm}$$

12. (a) Bags A and B contain some counters.





Bag B

The number of counters in each bag is the same.

Work out the value of y

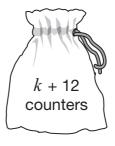


2 marks

(b) Bag ${\bf C}$ contains **more** counters than bag ${\bf D}$.



Bag C



Bag D

What is the **smallest** possible value of k?



13. Gary took part in a quiz show and won a **million pounds**.

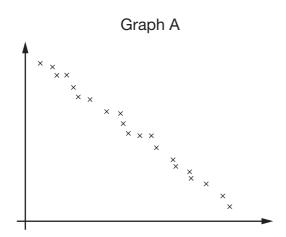
He spent £20 000 on a holiday.

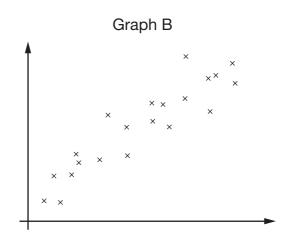
Then he spent half of the money left on a house.

How much did Gary's house cost?

£

14. Look at these two scatter graphs. They are both drawn using the same scale.





(a) Which scatter graph shows positive correlation?







Explain your answer.



1 mark

(b) Which scatter graph shows **stronger** correlation?



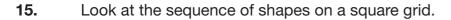


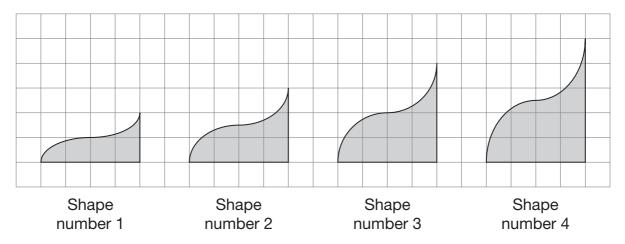


15

Explain your answer.







The table shows information about these shapes.

Shape number N	Base B	Height <i>H</i>	Area A
1	4	2	4
2	4	3	6
3	4	4	8
4	4	5	10

Rules connect N, B, H and A.

Write one missing letter in each space below to complete the rule.

$$H = + 1$$

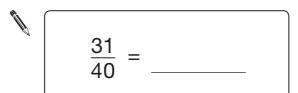
$$A = \times 2$$

16. Look at this information.

$$\frac{27}{40} = 0.675$$

$$\frac{29}{40} = 0.725$$

Use this information to write the missing **decimals** below.

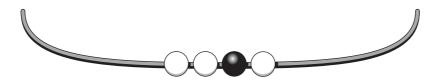


1 mark

$$\frac{23}{40} =$$

17.		In this question, <i>n</i> stands for any whole number .	
	(a)	For the expression $2n$, tick (\checkmark) the correct statement below.	
		 2n must be odd. 2n must be even. 2n could be odd or even. 	
		Explain your answer.	
	`		
		1 n	nark
	(b)	For the expression $3n$, tick (\checkmark) the correct statement below.	
		3n must be odd.	
		3n must be even.	
		3n could be odd or even.	
		Explain your answer.	

18. (a) On this necklace the ratio of black beads to white beads is 1:3



How many **more** black beads do you need to add to make the ratio of black to white **3:1**?



1 mark

(b) Here is the necklace again.



How many **more** black beads and white beads do you need to add to make the ratio of black to white **3:2**?



19. Show that the difference between 3² and 3³ is 18

1 mark

20. Sophie says:

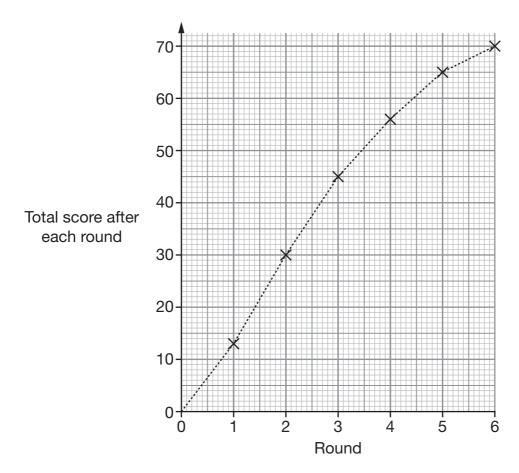
If n represents a prime number, then 2n + 1 will also represent a prime number.

Use an example to explain why she is wrong.

21. A game has six rounds.

In each round of the game, the player gains points which are added to their total score.

(a) The graph shows Sue's total score after each round of her game.



How many points did Sue gain in round 4?

(b) Derek plays the game.

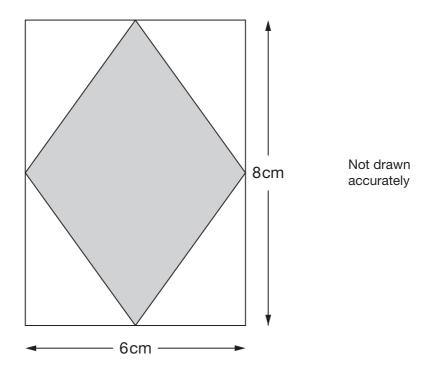
The graph of his total score after each round is a **straight line**.

What can you say about the number of points Derek gained in each round?

1 mark

22. Inside the rectangle below is a shaded rhombus.

The vertices of the rhombus are the midpoints of the sides of the rectangle.



What is the area of the shaded rhombus?



2 marks

			Sums and products,	Mean	
23.	(a)	Sandra is thinking of two numbers.			
		Her two numbers have a negative sum , but a positive product .			
		Give an example of what her numbers could be.			
		and		_	1 mark
	(b)	Mark is also thinking of two numbers.			
		His two numbers have a positive sum , but a negative product .			
		Give an example of what his numbers could be.			
		and		_	1 mark
24.		The mean of five numbers is 10			
		I add one more number and the mean is now 11			
		What number did I add?			

25. Solve these simultaneous equations using an algebraic method.

$$3x + 6y = 30$$

$$x + 6y = 20$$

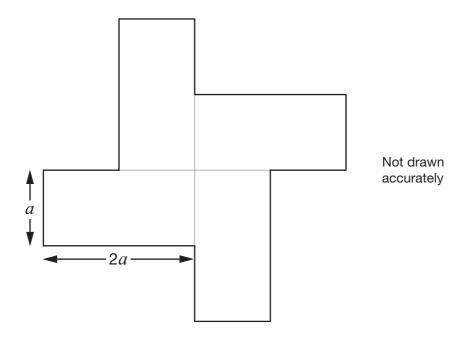
You **must** show your working.

B

 $x = \underline{\qquad} y = \underline{\qquad}$

26. This shape is made of four congruent rectangles.

Each rectangle has side lengths 2a and a



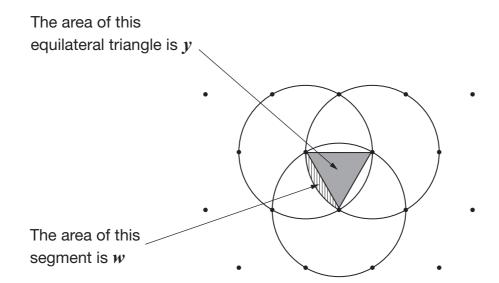
The **perimeter** of the shape is **80 cm**.

Work out the area of the shape.

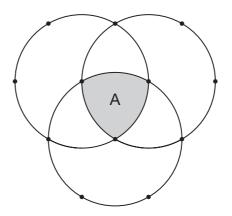


____ cm²

27. The diagram shows three congruent circles drawn on an isometric grid.



Write an expression, using y and w, for the area A.





28. A pupil wrote:

For all numbers
$$j$$
 and k ,
 $(j + k)^2 = j^2 + k^2$

Show that the pupil is **wrong**.



satspapers.org

END OF TEST